

## GROMACS - Bug #2147

### Parrinello-Rahman barostat not properly working

03/23/2017 10:25 PM - Manuel Martinez

<b>Status:</b> Feedback wanted	
<b>Priority:</b> Normal	
<b>Assignee:</b>	
<b>Category:</b>	
<b>Target version:</b>	
<b>Affected version - extra info:</b>	<b>Difficulty:</b> uncategorized
<b>Affected version:</b> 5.0.4	

#### Description

Hi! I am posting here after widely looking for a solution by myself but not finding one. Once I get a successful equilibration using Berendsen barostat and v-Rescale thermostat ( $p=1$  bar,  $T=300$  K), I turned to P-R and N-H couplings for data collection. While N-H thermo works fine, the Parrinello-Rahman barostat provides a greater pressure than the one desired ( $p\sim 1.5$  bar instead of  $p=1$  bar). Is this a bug for recent Gromacs versions? Or is just a setting parameter for mdp file I can't figure out? Thanks in advance.

Manuel

#### History

##### #1 - 03/23/2017 10:26 PM - Manuel Martinez

- File *grompp.mdp* added

##### #2 - 03/23/2017 10:28 PM - Manuel Martinez

I used Gromacs 5.0.4.

##### #3 - 03/27/2017 03:29 PM - Mark Abraham

It can take a long simulation to make a converged measurement of pressure, given its fluctuations. Can you describe/share how you made your observations?

##### #4 - 04/15/2017 04:05 PM - Jeff Thompson

- File *nacl\_aq.gro* added

- File *nacl\_aq.top* added

- File *sd\_4.6.5.mdp* added

- File *sd\_5.1.2.mdp* added

It does seem that there is a difference in how Parrinello-Rahman pressure coupling is being implemented in version 5.1.2 vs. 4.6.5.

The attached .mdp files run 12 ns stochastic dynamics at 298.15 K and 1 bar with Nose-Hoover temperature coupling and Parrinello-Rahman pressure coupling. They are identical except for one line accounting for the renaming of 'verlet\_buffer\_drift' to 'verlet\_buffer\_tolerance' in version 5\*. I've also included my topology and configuration files (for a model of an aqueous NaCl solution).

With version 4.6.5, I get an average density of 1.02258(4) g/cm<sup>3</sup> (discarding the first 2 ns as equilibration).

With version 5.1.2, the density drops by ~1% to 1.01180(4) g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

I haven't yet had a chance to pick through the code to see what might've changed between the two versions, but it seemed worth sharing this observation here.

##### #5 - 04/20/2017 11:53 AM - Mark Abraham

Jeff Thompson wrote:

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There's not enough information here to even speculate that the coupling algorithm is the issue. Or whether the issue is a fixed bug or an introduced one. A different force field parameter could produce this. What does gmx check report for your tpr files?

#### #6 - 04/24/2017 09:57 AM - Jeff Thompson

Mark Abraham wrote:

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You are absolutely right--definitely a lapse in logic on my part. It seemed there was little reason to suspect the force field parameters, as the top file was self-contained. But gmx check alerted me to the fact that the default sd integrator changed between the two versions. I'm checking what happens if I revert to sd2 in v5.1.2.

In addition, some data from NVT simulations suggest that it may be the pressure calculation, not the coupling algorithm, that changed. I realize that the different behavior could represent a fixed bug rather than an introduced one. I have some digging to do to figure out which one it is.

#### #7 - 05/05/2017 03:25 PM - Berk Hess

- Status changed from New to Feedback wanted

- Priority changed from High to Normal

Did you find the cause of the difference?

#### #8 - 06/05/2017 04:05 PM - Erik Lindahl

Unless we get any feedback the next few days, we'll close this bug.

#### #9 - 06/06/2017 12:06 AM - Jeff Thompson

I haven't yet found the source of the difference, though, on empirical grounds, it appears to be unrelated to the choice of integrator (sd1 vs. sd2).

The ~1% difference in density remains problematic from the standpoint of my particular research problem. But this problem is a bit tangential to my work at the moment, and I can't commit to trying to resolve this issue in the short-term.

Since it is still not clear whether the issue is indicative of a bug or a bugfix, and given the lack of (1) continued feedback from the OP and (2) demonstration of a direct connection between my issue and that of the OP, it may make sense to close this bug.

#### #10 - 06/06/2017 07:53 AM - Manuel Martinez

Hi everybody

I very sorry for not writing before and the lack of feedback; I was not aware of this discussion and at the same time I consider not having new valuable news. If still useful, I can say these observations:

I also found the same behavior as Jeff about density. After running several simulations, the anomalous behavior of Parrinello-Rahman barostat seems to be related to the following mdp parameters, when using Verlet cut-off scheme: nstpcouple, tau\_p, nstcalcenergy and nstenergy (which in some way is obvious :D). I tried different reasonable combinations for these options observing notorious differences but not obtaining satisfactory pressure coupling for 1 bar (NH thermal coupling works fine). The "best run" I got used these:

nstlist = 50  
nstpcouple = 10  
tau\_p = 2.5  
nstcalcenergy = 50  
nstenergy = 50  
nstcomm = 50

I guess there is an optimal set of values for them but it can not be straightforward to find. For my current research I can use Berendsen barostat as an alternative but I will be attentive if more information arises. Thanks again.

Regards, Manuel

## Files

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agua.mdp	11.5 KB	03/23/2017	Manuel Martinez
agua.top	1.01 KB	03/23/2017	Manuel Martinez
conf_relaj.g96	238 KB	03/23/2017	Manuel Martinez
grompp.mdp	3.07 KB	03/23/2017	Manuel Martinez
nacl_aq.top	1.45 KB	04/15/2017	Jeff Thompson
sd_4.6.5.mdp	956 Bytes	04/15/2017	Jeff Thompson
sd_5.1.2.mdp	960 Bytes	04/15/2017	Jeff Thompson
nacl_aq.gro	1.27 MB	04/15/2017	Jeff Thompson